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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
09/886,064	06/21/2001	Jaap Andre Haitsma	NL 000349 6071			
24737	737 7590 02/08/2006			EXAMINER		
	TELLECTUAL PROP	CHEN, SHIN HON				
P.O. BOX 3001 BRIARCLIFF MANOR, NY 10510			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
			2131			
			DATE MAILED: 02/08/2006			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applicatio	n No.	Applicant(s)		
Office Action Summary		09/886,06	4	HAITSMA ET AL.		
		Examiner		Art Unit		
		Shin-Hon (Chen	2131		
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication				SS	
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Status						
·	,—	This action is no wance except f	on-final. for formal matters, pro		erits is	
Disposit	ion of Claims					
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□ 8)□ Applicat 9)□ 10)⊠	Claim(s) 1-10 is/are pending in the applicate 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-10 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and item is a subject to restriction and item is a subject to by the Example The drawing(s) filed on 21 June 2001 is/are applicant may not request that any objection to Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the core The oath or declaration is objected to by the	nd/or election reniner. a) accepte the drawing(s) be rection is require	equirement. d or b) objected to be held in abeyance. See and if the drawing(s) is object.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1	, ,	
Priority ı	under 35 U.S.C. & 119					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
2) Notic 3) Infor	t(s) le of References Cited (PTO-892) le of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB. r No(s)/Mail Date) :/08)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate	2)	

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-10 have been examined.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 2. Claim 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 3. The term "irrelevant" in claims 1-10 is a relative term which renders the claim indefinite. The term "irrelevant" is not defined by the claim, the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention. The examiner cannot determine the scope of the term "irrelevant" and the claims do not define what is meant by "irrelevant".

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-3, 5-7, 9, and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Applicant's Admitted Prior Art (hereinafter AAPA) in view of Davis et al. U.S. Pat. No.

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6611607 (hereinaster Davis) and further in view of Liao et al. U.S. Pat. No. 6654479 (hereinaster Liao).

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4. As per claim 1, 6, and 10, AAPA discloses a method of embedding a watermark in an information signal, comprising means for embedding said watermark in successive portions of the information signal (AAPA: page 1 lines 16-23). AAPA does not explicitly disclose embedding different versions of watermark and said versions being different with respect to a property which is irrelevant for detection of said watermark. However, Davis discloses different watermarks can be embedded into different frames using different transformations (Davis: column 6 lines 16-26: embedding watermark in different spatial and temporal portions and the change is irrelevant to the secret key or pseudorandom sequence noise of the detection algorithm used to subtract watermark on the image). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to embed different watermarks in different spatial and temporal portions of the image because different watermarking method can be applied to data. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to combine the teachings of Davis within the system of AAPA because it increases security of data by using different watermarks on different portions of the information signal thus making it more difficult to analyze watermark patterns. AAPA as modified does not explicitly disclose embedding different versions of said watermark. However, Liao discloses randomizing the coefficients to generate different watermarks (Liao: column 1 line 64 – column 2 line 6; Davis: column 6 lines 16-26: Fourier transformation and other transformations). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to randomize the magnitude of coefficient of Fourier transformation to

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generate different versions of the same watermark to increase the complexity of watermarks.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to combine the teachings of Liao within the combination of AAPA-Davis because generating different watermarks according to random numbers makes it more difficult to analyze the watermarking patterns.

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- As per claim 2 and 7, AAPA as modified discloses a method as claimed in claims 1 and 6 respectively. AAPA as modified does not explicitly disclose comprising the step of randomizing magnitudes of the Fourier coefficients of said watermark. However, Liao discloses randomizing the coefficients to generate different watermarks (Liao: column 1 line 64 column 2 line 6; Davis: column 6 lines 16-26: Fourier transformation and other transformations). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to randomize the magnitude of coefficient of Fourier transformation to generate different watermarks to increase the complexity of watermarks. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to combine the teachings of Liao within the combination of AAPA-Davis because generating different watermarks according to random numbers makes it more difficult to analyze the watermarking patterns.
- 6. As per claim 3, AAPA as modified discloses a method as claimed in claim 2. AAPA as modified further discloses wherein the watermark includes at least one basic watermark pattern being tiled over the portion of the information signal, said step of randomizing the magnitudes being applied to the Fourier coefficients of said basic watermark pattern (AAPA: page 1 lines

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16-23: one watermark pattern tiled over the image; Liao: column 1 line 64 – column 2 line 6: change the magnitude of coefficient; Davis: column 6 lines 16-26: apply to Fourier transformation). Same rationale applies here as above in rejecting claim 2.

- 7. As per claim 5 and 9, AAPA as modified discloses a method as claimed in claim 1 and 6 respectively. AAPA as modified further discloses wherein said successive portions of the information signal are successive frames of a motion video signal (AAPA: page 1 lines 16-23).
- 8. Claims 4 and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over AAPA in view of Davis and further in view of Liao and further in view of Hayashi U.S. Pub. No. 20030161496 (hereinafter Hayashi).
- AAPA as modified does not explicitly disclose the method comprising means for randomizing the position of the watermark with respect to the respective portion of the information signal. However, Hayashi discloses that limitation (Hayashi: [0143]-[0145]). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to combine the teachings of Hayashi within the combination of AAPA-Davis because it improves secrecy of the embedded position of digital watermark information.

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Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-10 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

5. Appeal brief filed on 11/18/05 have been considered. The examiner has re-opened prosecution and initiated a new ground of rejection.

Conclusion

6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Chapman et al. U.S. Pat. No. 6216228 discloses controlling displaying on a display means of received video which has been encoded with invisible watermarks.

Bloom et al. U.S. Pat. No. 6332194 discloses method for data preparation and watermark insertion.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Shin-Hon Chen whose telephone number is (571) 272-3789. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday 8:30am to 5:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ayaz Sheikh can be reached on (571) 272-3795. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Shin-Hon Chen Examiner Art Unit 2131

SC

AYAZ SHEIKH
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100